

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

IN RE PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY
AVERAGE WHOLESALE PRICE
LITIGATION

THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO ALL
CLASS ACTIONS.

MDL No. 1456

CIVIL ACTION: 01-CV-12257-PBS

Judge Patti B. Saris

REVISED TRIAL AFFIDAVIT OF GLENN RANDLE

I, Glenn Randle, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, on oath, depose and state as follows:

1. I am a resident of the State of Texas. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated below and will testify in court to the same if called upon to do so.

2. I have been on the Board of Trustees for the Sheet Metal Workers National Health Fund ("Fund") for over twenty years and presently act as Chairman of the Board. The purpose of the Fund is to provide health and welfare coverage for sheet metal workers throughout the United States.

3. As a trustee, I try to provide the best benefits to our members, including our retirees, but I also have to try to save the Fund money. However, in the case of the Supplemental Medicare Wraparound Plus ("SMW+") program for retirees, for which Sheet Metals seeks recovery in this litigation, because our payments are directly tied to what Medicare pays, we have little control over the cost of benefits. Therefore, though the retirees enrolled in the SMW+ Plan are usually on fixed incomes, in reality we have no power over the cost of benefits; for example, if drug costs increase and are paid by Medicare, we pay our portion. This means the increased cost may be passed on to the retiree who will be required to pay a higher amount to maintain SMW+ coverage.

4. There are over 15,000 retirees and covered beneficiaries who receive benefits under the SMW+ program. Under that program, the Fund provides coverage for twenty percent (20%) of Medicare's allowable amount.

5. Because the SMW+ program always pays behind Medicare, I never knew what Medicare's allowed amount was based on. I never had to know.

6. I have been told by the Fund's attorneys that the Fund reimbursed for Defendants' drugs at issue in this case and specifically that the Fund reimbursed Massachusetts residents for Defendants' drugs.

7. The Fund learned about this litigation through our attorneys in December 2004 and later that month decided to join the lawsuit. Although we obviously wanted to recover the money we overpaid for Defendants' drugs, we also wanted to represent other payors who were overcharged as we were.

8. The Fund was found to be an adequate class representative for Class 2 in this Court's January 30, 2006 Consolidated Order Re: Motion for Class Certification relating to Track I Defendants.

9. Other than my service to the Fund, I have no background in healthcare or the pharmaceutical industry. Aside from what I have learned during this case, I do not know what "WAC" or "AWP" mean. Instead, since 1996, the Fund has relied on its Third Party Administrator, Southern Benefits Administrators, Inc. ("Southern Benefits"), to handle the processing of claims. I am certain that Southern Benefits did not know and therefore did not tell us that Defendants were deliberately inflating their AWP's. Therefore, I had no idea that was occurring or that the Fund was so significantly overpaying for Defendants' drugs.

10. I am aware that the complaint alleges that, in order to help their customers make more money, and thus make money themselves, each of the defendants used AWP and the Medicare reimbursement payment process to create spreads between the cost at which a drug is acquired and the cost at which it is reimbursed. I am aware that the complaint alleges that the effect of this was to cause the AWP we use as a reimbursement benchmark to be inflated, *i.e.*, it was not a real number or a real average. No one at the Fund was aware of those practices and I think it was unfair for the drug companies to take advantage of us in this fashion.

11. Until I was provided with Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 43 (attached as Ex. B hereto) by the Fund's attorneys, I was unaware that AstraZeneca was offering physicians confidential discounts of 33% to 50% for their purchases of Zoladex.

12. I have been informed by the Fund's attorneys that in response to an interrogatory BMS has stated as follows: "The existence of a spread is not misleading to a person with even minimal experience in the sale and distribution of drugs" and does not result in "excessive reimbursement." I certainly believe it was misleading to publish an AWP that did not reflect BMS' discounts and now, having been told about them, believe they resulted in unfair payments by payors. If increasing the AWP for its drugs shifted the cost of its drugs to payors such as the Fund, how can those actions be anything but misleading?

13. I also understand from speaking with the Fund's attorneys that in response to a separate interrogatory (No. 8, Plaintiffs' Trial Ex. 177, Ex. C hereto), BMS has stated that any person making a copayment has "actual or constructive notice" of the difference between AWP and the prices at which BMS sold its drugs to the public. Although the Fund made copayments no one at our Fund had any knowledge of this.

14. I have also been supplied by the Fund's attorneys with a copy of the transcript of Dr. Berkman's sentencing hearing, where the United States Attorney described AstraZeneca's return to practice strategy and its scheme to provide free samples which would be billed to insurers in order to induce physicians to prescribe Zoladex. *See* Plaintiffs' Ex. 5, at 8-9, Ex. D hereto. I was unaware of such practices.

15. I was unaware, for example, that BMS was contracting with oncologists to provide them 61% discounts off its WLP (list price) for Blenoxane.

16. I was likewise unaware that BMS was giving discounts 73% off list price, as reported in Plaintiffs' Exhibit 203, Exhibit E to this Affidavit.

17. I was unaware that AstraZeneca distributed the type of material in Plaintiffs' Exhibit 38 (Ex. F hereto), which tells doctors to "do the math" and compute the profit they will make by virtue of prescribing Zoladex. I was unaware that AstraZeneca was giving physicians discounts of up to 41% such that those doctors were making a profit of \$150,794 on 700 depots of Zoladex.

18. I understand that there are many more examples of this type of conduct of which both the Fund and I were unaware.

19. I believe that Defendants' acts not only hurt the Fund by forcing us to pay more for drugs, but it hurt our individual participants because they have to pay more for their benefits when the Fund has to pay more for drugs. I understand that Defendants have attempted to portray members of this Class as large sophisticated insurance companies. This is not true. Because the Fund cannot offset losses on other areas of business, when the Fund pays more for drugs our members and retirees have to pay more, too.

I make the foregoing statements under penalty of perjury on the date written next to my name below.

Date: ____Nov. 27, 2006____

____/s/____
Glenn Randle

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THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:

ALL CLASS ACTIONS

CIVIL ACTION: 01-CV-12257-PBS

Judge Patti B. Saris

REVISED TRIAL AFFIDAVIT OF SHARON FAULKNER

I, Sharon Faulkner, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, on oath, depose and state as follows:

1. I am a resident of the State of Tennessee. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated below and would testify to them in court if called upon to do so.

2. I am a Vice President of Southern Benefit Administrators, Inc. ("Southern Benefit"), the third party administrator ("TPA") for, among others, Sheet Metal Workers National Health Fund ("Health Fund" or "Fund"). I manage our Goodlettsville, Tennessee office and am responsible for the day-to-day administration of most of Southern Benefit's plans, including the Health Fund.

A. Merits Testimony

3. Southern Benefit has acted as the Health Fund's TPA for ten years. By virtue of that long-standing relationship, I am familiar with the benefits offered by the Health Fund and how the claims of the Fund's beneficiaries are paid by the Health Fund. In particular, I am familiar with the Fund's administration of its Supplemental Medicare Wraparound Plus ("SMW+") program for retirees.

4. It is our duty as its TPA to assist the Fund with attempting to provide the best benefits to its members (including its retirees), and to provide those benefits at the lowest possible cost. In addition, because the Health Fund's trustees do not necessarily have backgrounds in healthcare or in the pharmaceutical industry, they rely on Southern Benefit to provide them with information regarding items that may increase the costs of providing prescription drug coverage to their members and retirees.

5. I have been informed by the Health Fund's attorneys that Medicare's allowable amount is based on AWP. Based on that information and because the Health Fund's co-payment is, in all cases, a percentage payment of Medicare's allowable amount, the Fund's co-payment is likewise based on AWP.

6. Throughout the Class Period I had no idea that the published AWP's were not an average price. I was unaware of the various acts Defendants engaged in that had the effect of publishing a fraudulent AWP.

7. I am aware that the complaint alleges that, in order to help their customers make more money, and thus make money themselves, each of the defendants used AWP and the Medicare reimbursement payment process to create spreads between the cost at which a drug is acquired and the cost at which it is reimbursed. I am aware that the complaint alleges that the effect of this was to cause the AWP we use as a reimbursement benchmark to be inflated, *i.e.*, it was not a real number or a real average. No one at the Fund was aware of those practices and I think it was unfair for the drug companies to take advantage of the Health Fund in this fashion.

8. Until I was provided with Plaintiffs' Trial Exhibit 43 (attached as Ex. A hereto) by the Health Fund's attorneys, I was unaware that AstraZeneca was offering physicians confidential discounts of 33% to 50% for their purchases of Zoladex.

9. I have also been supplied by the Health Fund's attorneys with a copy of the transcript of Dr. Berkman's sentencing hearing, where the United States Attorney described AstraZeneca's return to practice strategy and its scheme to provide free samples which would be billed to insurers in order to induce physicians to prescribe Zoladex. *See* Plaintiffs' Ex. 5, at 8-9, Ex. B hereto. I was unaware of such practices.

10. I was unaware that AstraZeneca distributed the type of material in Plaintiffs' Exhibit 38 (Ex. C hereto), which tells doctors to "do the math" and compute the profit they will make by virtue of prescribing Zoladex. I was unaware that AstraZeneca was giving physicians discounts of up to 41% such that those doctors were making a profit of \$150,794 on 700 depots of Zoladex.

11. I have been informed by the Health Fund's attorneys that in response to an interrogatory BMS has stated as follows: "The existence of a spread is not misleading to a person with even minimal experience in the sale and distribution of drugs" and does not result in "excessive reimbursement." I certainly believe it was misleading to publish an AWP that did not reflect BMS' discounts and now, having been told about them, believe they resulted in unfair payments by payors. If increasing the AWP for its drugs shifted the cost of its drugs to payors such as the Fund, how can those actions be anything but misleading?

12. I also understand from speaking with the Health Fund's attorneys that in response to a separate interrogatory (No. 8, Plaintiffs' Trial Ex. 177, Ex. D hereto), BMS has stated that any person making a copayment has "actual or constructive notice" of the difference between AWP and the prices at which BMS sold its drugs to the public. Although the Fund made copayments no one at our Fund had any knowledge of this.

13. I was unaware that BMS was contracting with oncologists to provide them 61% discounts off its WLP (list price) for Blenoxane.

14. I was likewise unaware that BMS was giving discounts 73% off list price, as reported in Plaintiffs' Exhibit 203, Exhibit E to this Affidavit.

15. I understand that there are many more examples of this type of conduct of which both the Fund and I were unaware.

16. Since Sheet Metal's payments are tied to AWP, even if I, anyone at Southern Benefit, or the Fund's trustees had become aware of the true nature of AWP's, there is not much the Health Fund could do about it. The Health Fund is and was not in a position to change its payment systems unless Congress changed the payment formula.

B. Business Records

17. I am the custodian of records and/or am a qualified person to testify on behalf of Southern Benefit and Sheet Metals for the matters set forth below, because I am familiar with the manner in which Southern Benefit prepares and maintains documents for Sheet Metals. Specifically, I am familiar with the documents produced by Sheet Metals in this litigation, including documents Bates labeled SMWMASS000001-01771 (hereinafter "Documents").

18. Each of the documents are true and correct copies of documents generated or reviewed in the process of paying claims for participants in Sheet Metals' SMW+ plan.

19. Each of the Documents was made at or near the time of the occurrence of the matters memorialized therein, or from information transmitted by a person with knowledge of those matters.

20. Each of the Documents was kept in the course of a regularly conducted business activity.

21. Each of the Documents was made during a regularly conducted activity as a regular practice.

I make the foregoing statements under penalty of perjury on the date written next to my name below.

Date: November 16, 2006

_____/s/_____
Sharon Faulkner